AUG. 25, 1849

FOREIGN ITEMS.

[illegible]—The bill abrogating the navi[illegible] laws has passed the House of Lords, without material amendment, and has received the Royal assent. It goes into effect in January.

The cholera has again appeared in England. In Paris it is making the most frightful havoc; upwards of 11,000 deaths have already occurred through it, and in one day alone there were about 900 cases, with 600 deaths.

FRANCE.—An abortive attempt at insurrection had been made in Paris by 25,000 men, friends of the mountain party in the assembly. They were led on by Ledru Rollin, but the demonstration was effectually suppressed by the troops in the capital, 70,000 strong. At one time the peril was imminent.

Numerous arrests were made, including several members of the Assembly. MM. Arrago and Ledru Rollin were among them.

HUNGARY.—Kossuth has arrived in Pesth, (one of the two capital cities of Hungary, Buda being the other,) where he was received as President of the Hungarian Republic.

It appears that hostilities are still carried on in the south, between the Hungarians and the scattered remains of the Austrian Army, supported by the Russians. The Russian general commanding has issued a proclamation to the Hungarians, to the effect that if the latter do not lay down their arms, and submit with good grace, they will be made to feel the consequences of their presumption. Every possible means is employed to rouse the people against the invaders. The Magyar Government has directed the Clergy to denounce the Russians from their pulpits.

GERMANY.—The Prince of Prussia has left Berlin to take command of the army of the Rhine. In Baden, in Wurtemburg and Bavaria, the democrats were preparing for a desperate conflict.

THE CHOLERA—Has broken out in Silesia, Viennia, and Presburg. It was raging most fearfully at Alexandria and Cairo, in Egypt.

ITALY—The latest despatch received from Gen. Oudinot is dated the 6th inst [June.] on which day he opened his trenches, laying regular siege to the Eternal City. He had gained a position on the north side of Rome which would enable him to command her defences.

M. Guizot has arrived in Paris. He is about to establish a political journal called *Le Gouvernment*.

The Hungarian leader, Kossuth, has appointed his sister general superintendent of the military hospitals, and she has published an address, calling on all the ladies to lend their assistance in this work of charity.

The splendid mansion occupied by Lola Montes at Munich, with all its magnificent furniture, was advertised to be sold at auction on the 28th May. The house and furniture were appraised at about $250,000.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVED, AUG. 11.

Bark P. Hone, Mitchell, 196 days fm N. Y.; consignee, T. R. Booker—51 passengers.

Br. Gen. O. O. Higgins, Jurente, 116 from Valparaiso, to Cross, Hobson & Co—8 passengers.

Bark Juana T. Font, Knutson, 64 days from Valparaiso, to master, 108 passengers

August 12.

Ship Brooklyn, Richardson, 210 days fm N. Y., to master—171 passengers.

August 13.

Brig Orion, Aquire, 63 days fm Acapulco, to Lancos & Bros—5 passengers.

Brig Melcher Sevilla, Gaymer, 54 days fm Callao.

August 14.

Brig Copiapo, Knowles, 90 days fm Panama—94 passengers.

Brig Valparaiso, Whitty, 73 days fm Valparaiso—18 passengers.

August 15.

U S ship of line Ohio, 28 days fm Oahee

August 16.

Scr Carlos Alayra, Luna, 64 days fm Callao, 49 passengers.

August 17.

Brig Euphemia, Tucker, 2 days from Bodaga, to Ross, Benton, & Co.

August 18.

U S. mail steamer Panama, Bailey, 20 days fm Panama, 323 passengers.

August 19.

Bark Sumatra, Vertiman, 67 days fm Hong Kong, 2 passengers.

Brig Matador, Welch, 66 days fm Panama, 8 passengers.

Bark Lacao Mendessie, 6 days fm Monterey, 3 passengers.

August 21.

Bark Toulon, Very, 190 days fm N Y, 3 passengers.

Bark Oxford, Mauran, 222 days fm Boston, to J Dunbar, & Co., 55 passengers

Brig Malek Adhel, Lewis, 3 days fm Santa Cruz.

Schr Petrel, Brimblecom, 85 days fm Hong Kong, 24 passengers.

Brig David Henshaw, McNara, 2 days fm Santa Cruz.

August 22.

Ship Dunberry, Verna, 190 days fm Boston, 85 passengers.

August 23.

Bark Kirkland, Phillips, 165 days fm Baltimore, to Finley, Johnson & Co., 78 passengers.

Ship Helena, Laud, 162 days fm N Y. 109 passengers.

Brig Imperial, Torria, 20 days fm Santa Barbara, 1 passenger.

Brig O C Raymond, Hall, 5 days fm Columbia river, to T H Smith, 8 passengers.

U S schr Mary Jane, fm Monterey.

DIED.

On Tuesday, the 21st Aug., Dr. HOWARD, of Lima. He is supposed to have kept a Drug Store in that city, and had proceeded to the Gold Mines of California. Returning to San Francisco, he was seized with fever, and died at the Fremont Family Hotel, after an illness of three days only. Should any of his friends read this, they are requested to apply at the Hotel, so that any known information respecting the deceased's property may be given.

☞ **Religious Notice.**—The Protestant Episcopal congregation of the Holy Trinity Church, Rev. Mr. Mines, Rector, worship at the residence of Mr. J. H. Merrill, corner of Vallejo and Stockton streets, every Sunday at 11 A. M. and 4 P. M. Strangers are particularly invited to attend. By order of the Wardens and Vestry. a25 tf

☞ **Notice.**—To the Stockholders of the Central Wharf Joint Stock Co.—Under a resolution this day passed by the Board of Directors of said Company, Twenty (20) Dollars on each share of the capital stock is required to be paid to Rodman M. Price, Esq., Treasurer, on or before noon of Monday, 10th of September. By order

C. V. GILLESPIE, Pres.

A. M. VAN NOSTRAND, Sec.

San Francisco, Aug. 20, 1849. a25 3t

☞ **Gold Coin.**—MESSRS. MOFFAT, & CO. announce to the people of California that they have constructed the requisite machinery, and secured the services of an experienced and skillful engineer from the United States Mint, and are about issuing a coinage of the denomination of five and ten dollars.

They design their coin shall be strictly and accurately in accordance with that of the United States Mint, in fineness, weight, color, value, and mechanical execution.

For their integrity, and ability to accomplish their intentions, they confidently refer to their credentials below.

ALL COIN ISSUED BY THEM will be redeemable at their counter in silver.

MOFFAT & CO.

JOHN L. MOFFAT, S. H. WARD,
TO. B. CURTIS, P. H. PERRY.

HAVE erected suitable furnaces, and are provided with all the necessary apparatus and the most ample facilities for SMELTING and ASSAYING Gold Dust.

The highest market price paid for gold dust.

They refer to the annexed testimonials from the most eminent Bankers, Merchants and Bullion Brokers of New York, the originals of which, with other evidences of character, may be seen at their office.

(COPY.)

Office of Beebee, Ludlow & Co., Bullion Dealers.
NEW YORK, Feb 7, 1849.

We have the fullest confidence in Messrs. Moffat & Co., and consider their genuine Assay-Stamp equal to the United States or London Mints, and would purchase as freely. SAMUEL J. BEEBEE,
BEEBEE, LUDLOW, & CO.

We, the undersigned, citizens of New York, have known Mr. JOHN L. MOFFAT, of the late firm of Wilmarth, Moffat & Curtis, for many years

Some of us have had frequent occasion for his services as an Assayer of Ores, and Gold and Silver, and we cheerfully unite in testifying to his superior skill and abilities as an Assayer and Metallurgist, his incorruptible integrity and trustworthiness, his high standing in his profession, and his uniform excellence as a man.

James Harper,	J. D. Beers,
Jas. T. Talman,	D. Ebbets,
Samuel J. Beebee,	F. W. Edmonds,
Beebee, Ludlow, & Co.	Shepherd Knapp,
Russell H. Nevins,	Geo. S. Gelston,
Jacob Little,	Peter Cooper.
Frederick Marquand,	

The Merchants and Bankers of New York who have subscribed the above statement are gentlemen of the highest respectability. R. J. WALKER,
Secretary U. S. Treasury.

San Francisco. a25tf

FOR SALE BY JOHN DEWAR, Sacramento st. at reasonable prices, Fine and ordinary Glass Ware, consisting of
Decanters, Glasses, &c.
Fine and ordinary cutlery.
Champagne, Brandy, Malaga, Sherry & Port Wine in bottles and casks.
Good Claret Wine in Bottles.
Bitters Cordials, Lemonades.
Carpenter's Tools, Iron Oven Doors, Powder, Shot, Blank Books, Ladies dresses &c. Toilet soap, Seidlitz Powders, Pickles, Cheeses.—Ready made clothes fine and ordinary, Saddles and many other articles.
Also a lot of Salt Water Soap to be sold at a bargain. a25tf

WARE HOUSE TO LET AND FOR SALE—At the principal landing, opposite Dewitt & Harrison, in front of the new Post Office now erecting. The store is twenty-five ft. by seventy, near the shipping, on the great thoroughfare of passengers arriving and embarking, one of the best locations in the city for *storing* and *selling cargoes*, and retailing. Apply to
NORTHAM & GLADWIN,
Opposite the Government Canons.
a25 3t

ON SALE.—The premises fronting on Washington and Dupont streets and Portsmouth square, now occupied by
a25 C. V. GILLESPIE.

BUSINESS LOTS FOR SALE.—Several of the best located commercial business Lots in San Francisco for sale at moderate prices by B. R. BUCKELEW.
a1tf

LUMBER.—40,000 feet assorted Riga Lumber, landing from ship Ann McKim, for sale by
CROSS, HOBSON, & CO.

DEWITT & HARRISON,
Merchants,
a25 San Francisco, California.

WILLIAM LADD,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
a25 Foot of Jackson street.

W. FELL & CO.
Shipping & General Commission Merchants.
Montgomery st, San Francisco.
WILLIAM FELL,
SAM'L. B. KNAPP. a25 tf

F. A. BREAKENRIDGE, M. D.,
Physician and Surgeon,
San Francisco,
Will give his attention to those may honor him with their confidence. Office in the building of the City Hotel, Portsmouth square. a25tf

JOS. GRANT,
BROKER,
(Office at Ward & Co's.) Montgomery st.
San Francisco.
Reference—Hon. Wm. M. Gwinn,
Messrs. Ward & Co.
T. B. Winston, Esq. a25 3t*

BENNETT & HALLOCK, Merchants.
BENNETT & HALLOCK,
San Francisco.
BENNETT & HALLOCK,
— New York.
☞ B. & H. are now opening, at the iron store on Montgomery st, between Washington and Jackson, a general assortment of merchandise, just received per ships Dan'l. Webster, John G. Costar and Brooklyn, to which the attention of dealers and consumers are invited Goods received upon storage. a25

WM. M. BURGOYNE. J. V. PLUME.
BURGOYNE & CO.
Bankers and Commission Merchants,
Montgomery street,
San Francisco.
☞ GOLD DUST bought, EXCHANGE on New York and New Orleans for sale.
References: Gen. P. F. Smith, San Francisco; Gen B. Riley, Monterey; Maj. W. Seawell, Benitia.
Agents in New York, Messrs. Barstow & Pope.
Agents in New Orleans, Messrs. Maunsel, White & Co.
a25tf

JOHN V. PLUME,
Commissioner for Louisiana.
San Francisco. a25tf

BINGHAM, REYNOLDS, BARTLETT & CO., Commission Merchants and Wholesale Dealers, corner of Sansome st and Broadway, above Dewitt & Harrison's, are now receiving by late arrivals, and have in store, a large assortment of merchandise, provisions, &c., suited to this market, comprising
Flour, Pork, Butter, Cheese, Hams
Pilot Bread, Boots and Shoes, Clothing
Shirts, Drawers, Hats and Caps
Hardware, Picks, &c. assorted
Draught Ale, and Scotch, bottled
Brandy, Wine, Sugars, Coffee, ground
Tobacco and Segars, superior quality
50 bales Blankets, white and blue
Wrapping Paper, Stationery
Friction Matches.
These goods, now opening, will be sold cheap. Call and see. a25 tf

NEW GOODS NOW LANDING.—The undersigned would respectfully invite the attention of the public to their
LARGE STOCK OF MERCHANDIZE
comprising the most extensive assortment of READY MADE CLOTHING and GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS ever offered in this market.
ALSO, a complete and well selected assortment of hardware, boots and shoes, tin ware, saddlery, crockery, glass and stone ware, wooden ware, medicines, provisions, guns, pistols, powder, &c.. It would be impossible to enumerate all the various articles to be found under the above heads, but we invite all, particularly
WHOLESALE DEALERS,
who are purchasing for this or other markets, to examine our stock before buying, as we feel confident we can give them a GREATER VARIETY of goods to select from at our WHOLESALE WAREHOUSE on Sacramento street, than can be found in any other house in California, and at prices to suit the times.
RETAIL SHOP
at the old stand, near Mr. Wissell's hotel.
SIMMONS, LILLY, & CO.
San Francisco. a25

48.000 LBS. AMERICAN NAVY and Pilot Bread;
40,000 American bricks;
8,000 gal. stout casks, for ballasting;
200 tierces American crackers;
200 bbls. do mess beef and pork;
100 hf do do mackerel, shad & codfish;
200 bbls do beans and peas;
20 casks cider vinegar;
10 tons Lackawana coal;
1 superior chronometer;
1 set charts. For sale by
WILLIAM LADD,
a25tf Foot of Jackson street.

ATTENTION! 1st CALIFORNIA GUARDS.—A Special Meeting of the Company will be held at the COLONADE on Saturday evening 25th inst. at 8 1-2 o'clock. Business of importance. By order of
H.M. NAGLE, Capt.
R. H. SINTON, O. S. a25 1

BUILDING SITES.—The desirable lot, suitable for the site of a hotel or other public building, at the corner of Dupont and Clay. Also, other lots favorably situated, for sale by C. V. GILLESPIE.
a25tf

FIVE FARMS FOR SALE, lying near the Pueblo de San Jose, of five hundred acres each more or less; will be sold low, as the owner is about leaving the country. Apply to
a25 BAGLEY & SINTON.

BAGLEY & SINTON, Real Estate and Exchange Brokers, Parker House, next door to the main entrance.
☞ Coin and Gold Dust received on deposit. D. T. BAGLEY,
a25 1y R. H. SINTON.

$500 REWARD.—The undersigned, in behalf of the subscribers to the fund for the survey of Suisun Bay and its tributaries, which work is now in progress by Capt. Ringgold, hereby offer a reward of five hundred dollars for the apprehension and conviction of any person or persons guilty of destroying or in any manner molesting the buoys, stakes, or signals put down by the surveyor.
B. SIMMONS,
R. M. SHERMAN,
C. V. GILLESPIE.
S. BRANNAN,
T. H. GREEN.
San Francisco. a25

AUCTION SALE OF NAVY BREAD.—By order of Com. Jones, com'dg. U.S. naval forces, Pacific ocean, under the direction of R. M. Price, Purser and acting Navy Agent, on Wednesday August 29, at 12 A.M. at the Warehouse of Messrs. Simmons, Hutchinson & Co.
124 tierces Navy Bread
90 hhds " "
E. E. DUNBAR, Auctioneer.
San Francisco, Aug. 22, 1849. a25 2

EXCHANGE.—J.B.BIDDLEMAN, Commission Merchant, Montgomery street, offers for sale Exchange on Liverpool, England, New York, Philadelphia, Easton, Pa. and Newark, N. J., in sums to suit. Bank Bills, Gold Coin, Gold Dust, bought and sold. Also, Gold Dust shipped and insured to all parts of the United States.
San Francisco, Aug. 22, 1849. a25tf

WARD & CO. (late Ward & Smith,) offer for sale the remainder of the cargo of bark Lucy Penniman, consisting of wines, brandies, rum, bitters, preserved meats, etc. Also, 200 boxes soap, 200 cases gin, 150 18 gal brls Spanish brandy, 35 deg proof; hardware and cutlery, nails and spikes. a25

TO BUILDERS.—For sale, the trimmings of the piles and plank made use of in the construction of Central Wharf, which are suitable for the underpinning of buildings. Apply to Capt. E. D. Keyes, engineer, or to Mr. Wright, builder, at the wharf, C. V. GILLESPIE,
a25 Pres. Central Wharf J. S. Co.

LETTER SHEET PRICE CURRENT FOR THE STEAMER.—The undersigned has been engaged for some time in preparing to issue a regular Letter Sheet Price Current and Review of the Market for the Steamers. The first number will be ready at the office, Corner of Washington and Montgomery Sts., on Friday morning, August 31st, at 9 o'clock, where merchants are requested to leave their orders.
a25 WM. W. GALLAER.

LEASEHOLD PROPERTY FOR SALE. The valuable property known as the Bazaar, at the corner of Kearny and Jackson streets. The premises have 137 feet front on Kearny, and 81 feet on Jackson street. The lease is for four years from the 3d of May last. For further particulars, apply to C. V. GILLESPIE,
a25 Clay st.

THE subscribers invite the attention of purchasers to their new assortment of goods just received from New York and now landing from ships John G. Costar and Pacific, bark Peytona, brig Newcastle and schr Mary W. Four two horse wagons, with double sets of harness, of the most approved manufacture, for sale.
a25 DE WITT & HARRISON.

BENECIA PROPERTY.—Fifteen desirable lots for sale in blocks, nos. 9, 11, 12, 13, 15, 16, 17, 18, 33, 36, and 57. Apply to A. M. VAN NOSTRAND,
Dupont street, near Clay.
San Francisco. a25—3t

TO MINERS AND TRADERS.—CYRUS CLEVELAND, No. 34, Beaver street, New York, has an open policy of Insurance, and will receive, on consignment, GOLD DUST, in large or small quantities, get it coined, or dispose of it as per directions, charging for his services a commission of two and a half per cent.
Shipments made through Messrs. COOKE, BAKER, & Co., or Mr. CHARLES H. HAYFORD, of San Francisco, consigned as above, either round Cape Horn or across the isthmus, are covered by Insurance as soon as the receipts or bills of lading are signed.
MINERS, TRADERS or COMPANIES, who wish to remit to their families or friends, will find this more advantageous than to dispose of it at the mines for less than its value at the mint. Remittances for the purchase of merchandize, or to invest in any other way, will receive prompt attention.
Reference, by permission, to Messrs. Grinnell, Minturn, & Co., New York; Messrs. Cooke, Baker, & Co., and Messrs. Robert Wells, & Co., San Francisco.
Recollect the insurance takes effect immediately after the receipts or bills of lading are signed.
Shipments of BULLION or SPECIE are also covered by the same policy.

HOUSE AND SHIP CARPENTER'S TOOLS.—For sale by the subscribers on consignment the following variety of tools, viz:
1 case Hall's flat head Adzes
do Reynolds do do
do do spar do
do do ship do
1 case No. 2 lath hatchets,
do " 3 broad do
do Hall's axes
do do No. 3 shingle hatchets
do do " 2 broad do
do do " 5 do do
do do " 1 lath do
do do " 2 claw do
do do Penn. broad axes
do do Ohio do do
do do ship do do
do Reynold's N. Eng. broad axes
do do Honduras do do
do Collins axes, &c. &c.
Merchants or others in want of the whole or any portion of the above mentioned tools, may obtain the same at a small advance from cost by calling at the office of the Pacific News.
a25 tf FAULKNER & LEELAND.

TIN, COPPER AND SHEET IRON ESTABLISHMENT, situated on Montgomery street, near Pacific, newly opened by F. H. SOUTHWORTH & Co.—All articles in the above line are manufactured upon the most reasonable terms and with the greatest dispatch; and orders are respectfully solicited by persons visiting the mines, and others. Pans for gold washing manufactured from copper and tin in the most approved forms, constantly on hand, and also all other tinware. Pumps of all kinds promptly put up in wells from 15 feet to 200 feet deep. The public are respectfully invited to examine at the establishment "Southworth's Portable Copper Gold Rocker", worked with or without quicksilver, and weighing only 20 lbs. when all complete. This rocker has advantages over all others, in successful operation at the mines, and universally approved by the miners. It is strong, compact, easily transported, and not liable to get out of order. They are sold at the low price of $50 each.
Orders from miners and others will be promptly executed.
San Francisco. a25tf

G. H. BEACH,—GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT—WHOLESALE AND RETAIL, and AGENTS for the TRI-WEEKLY MAIL PACKET LINE on the Rivers San Joakin and Sacramento.
Those seeking passage and shipping freight will find advantages by this line, being made up of 7 the finest and fastest sailing American clipper built schooners—which number enables us to send a vessel as often as every other day.
The subscriber has dust received per shipments from the States, a very general invoice of clothing, groceries, provisions, tin, wood and hardware, drugs, patent medicines, paints of all colors in oil and dry, English boiled oil, leads in oil, putty, turpentine, varnishes, brushes, glue, chalk, lamp black, cot bedsteads, ready made doors, and sash with glass sets, chairs, tents, barley, flour, hemp and Manilla rope.
Goods retailed to Families, Miners and Mariners.
CHARCOAL and WOOD may be purchased of the subscriber on and after the 28th of this month.
Vessels in port supplied with FRESH WATER from the Snowy mountains, at the ship Mentor. Merchants and others supplied from the packet office, Sacramento street, north side, near Montgomery street.
San Francisco. a25tf

TO PURCHASERS OF REAL ESTATE.—DR. FOURGEAUD offers for sale, in San Francisco—
The Drug Store now occupied by Mr. Robinson, and the Store adjoining it, with a lot of land 30 feet front by 126 feet deep, on Portsmouth Square.
Five or six Lots in Block No. 76, corner of Jackson and Dupont streets, well situated for retail stores.
Five fifty vara lots, situated in a beautiful valley, about 10 minutes walk from the Public Square.
Lot No. 158—a 50 vara lot—corner Powell and Clay streets.
Lot No. 124 (50 varas) corner California and Powell streets.
Lot No. 41, 100 varas square.
Lot No. 67, 100 varas square.
Beach lot No. 252, opposite Starkey, Janion & Co's. warehouse.
Water lots no. 285, 286. 317 and 318.
Also, 2 Stores at Sutter's Fort, Choice Lots at Sacramento City, New York of the Pacific, Benicia, and the undivided half of a five hundred acre lot adjoining the town of the Pueblo San Jose.
Dr. Fourgeaud may be seen at Mr. Merrill's. a25

ON SALE.—The beautiful and desirable Rancho of San Marcus, of eight Mexican leagues, abundantly watered, and with houses and offices, situated in the District of Santa Barbara, a short distance from that town.
The tract of land occupied by the Rancho was granted by the Mexicon Government, and judicial possession received. It now has thereon a vineyard of 7000 vines, 600 head of cattle, and some horses. For further particulars apply to Mr. Nicholas A. Den, Santa Barbara, or
C. V. GILLESPIE, San Francisco.

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS, that I, Bennet Riley, Brevet Brig. Gen. U. S. A. and Governor of California, by virtue of authority in me vested, do hereby appoint Edward A. King, Harbor Master for the Port of San Francisco. The fees of office, where not otherwise provided for by law, will be the same as those of the Harbor Master of the Port of New York.
Given at San Francisco, California, this 19th day June, A. D. 1849.
B. RILEY, Bvt. Brig. Gen. and Governor of California.
Official. H. W. HALLECK, Bvt. Capt. and Secretary of State.
a25

A. R. FLINT, Engineer and Land Surveyor. Place of residence on Sacramento street. "Know all men by these presents, that I, Bennet Riley, Bvt. Brig. Gen. U. S. A., and Governor of California, by virtue of authority in me vested, do hereby appoint Addison R. Flint a Land Surveyor, in the District of San Francisco, California, this 21st day of June, A. D. 1849. B. RILEY,
Bvt. Brig. Gen. U.S.A. and Gov. of Cal.
Official. H. W. HALLECK,
a25 Bvt. Capt. and Sec. of State.

UNITED STATES HOTEL, (late Gen. Smith's quarters,) is now opened under the direction of Mrs. King. The location and arrangements of this house render it a desirable residence for gentlemen and their families. The table will be abundantly supplied with the choicest products of the market, and the bar constantly stocked with the best of wines and liquors.
a25 Mrs. M. KING.

A SMALL assortment of superior table cutlery and pocket knives, watches, watch crystals and fine jewelry. Also, a general assortment of merchandise, for sale by DE WITT & HARRISON,
Sansome st
☞ Gold Dust bought. Drafts on New York city for sale. a25

[PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.]

Laws of California.

SECTION IV.

OF PREFECTS AND SUB-PREFECTS.

ARTICLE 1.—In each District there shall be a Prefect, named by the Governor and confirmed by the General Government, who shall remain in office four years, and may be re-elected.

ARTICLE 2. It belongs to the Prefects: 1st: To take care of public order and tranquility in their District, with entire subjection of the Governor. 2nd: To publish without delay, enforce, and cause to be enforced the Laws and Decrees of Congress which they may receive from the Governor, and circulate them in the towns of the District. 3d: To observe, and cause to be observed, the Decrees and Orders of the General Government, the Resolutions of the Departmental Legislature and of the Governor.

ARTICLE 3. In order to carry out the foregoing powers and duties (atribuciones,) they may, in their district, impose, by their own authority, fines to the amount of One Hundred dollars, to be delivered to the Municipal Fund of the place where the person fined belongs, or they may sentence to fifteen days of public works, or arrest for double that period, those who disobey or are wanting in respect towards them, or who in any other way disturb the public tranquility; attention being paid to the circumstances of the individuals, and a trial being allowed them in case they should require one. But, with respect to such faults as have penallies assigned to them by law, the existing laws must be observed.

ART. 4. They will hear complaints against the functionaries of the Government of the District, and they may, in their own authority, impose upon them a fine of the amount of Thirty Dollars, to be applied to the Municipal Fund of the place to which the person fined belongs, for faults cognizable by Government; but in case they should consider that said functionaries should be suspended, they will inform the Governor for him to determine what may be convenient.

ART. 5. They will resolve, on their own authority, the doubts which may occur respecting the election of Ayuntamientos, and accept or not the resignations of members thereof and of the Justices of the Peace, but the parties interested will nevertheless have the right to appeal directly to the Governor.

ART. 6. Should any one consider himself wronged in any of the three foregoing cases he may appeal to the Governor, who will definitively decide what he may consider just.

ART. 7. When public tranquility, or the investigation of some crime makes it necessary, they may give a written order to search certain houses, and to arrest any person; and without this requisite they will order the culprit *in fragante* to be secured, but in both cases they will, within three days, place the person arrested at the disposal of the competent Judge, to whom they will manifest in writing, the cause of the arrest.

ART. 8. With the consent of the Governor they may order idle vagabonds, who have no known occupation, for the time necessary for their correction, to the establishments destined to that object, or to such manufactories of agricultural establishments as may choose to receive them voluntarily; the person sentenced being allowed to choose to which of the last two establishments he wishes to go.

ART. 9. They will incite the Tribunals to render prompt and upright justice, informing the Governor of the defects they may note in the Magistrates, but without intermeddling in their functions.

ART. 10. They will take particular care that Common Schools be not wanting in any of the towns of the Department.

ART. 11. They will scrupulously take care that the masters and mistresses not only possess the necessary instruction, but that they also be of good moral character, the circumstances of the case being taken into consideration.

ART. 12. Should the want of funds prevent the establishment of Schools, they will apply to the Governor that he may make it known to the Departamental Legislature.

ART. 13. They will propose to the Governor whatever measures they may judge proper for the encouragement of Agriculture, and all the branches of industry, instruction and public beneficence, and for the execution of new works of public utility, and for the repairs of the old ones.

ART. 14. They will, by their own authority, and agreeable to the laws, regulate the distribution of *common* lands in the towns of the District, provided there be no lawsuit pending in the Tribunals respecting them; the parties in erested having the right to appeal to the Governor, who, in concert with the Departamental Legislature, will decide definitively what may be most convenient.*

* This distribution has reference only to temporary use and occupation. *Common* lands cannot be sold without legislative authority, but *municipal* lands, with certain restrictions, may be sold by the Town Councils.

ART. 15. They will cause the Sub-Prefects, Ayuntamientos, and Justices of the Peace, to comply faithfully with their respective obligations, and see that they do not exceed their authority.

ART. 16. In the administration and expenditure of the funds of the towns, they will exercise the supervision which may be granted to them by the ordinances of the Ayuntamientos.

ART. 17. They will appoint the Sub-Prefects, sending the appointments to the Governor to obtain his approval.

ART. 18. Should not the Governor's answer arrive in time, owing to the loss of the mail, or any other cause, the person appointed will take his situation on the 1st of January in which the periodical renovation takes place, without prejudicing what the Governor may resolve.

ART. 19. They will also name the Justices of the Peace of the District, to be proposed to them by the Sub-Prefects of the different towns, observing what is ordered in the two preceding articles.

ART. 20. The Prefects will communicate their appointments to the new Sub-Prefects in an official letter, of which they will also send a copy to the former ones, that they may likewise officially inform the authorities of the towns.

ART. 21. In the same manner they will communicate the appointments to the new Justices of the Peace, and to those who have ceased, that these latter may inform all to whom it may concern.

ART. 22. They will require from the Military Commandant the necessary force for the preservation or re-establishment of public tranquility and for the security of the roads.

ART. 23. The Prefects, on taking possession of their situations, will receive, by inventory all the Documents, Laws, Decrees, Orders and other papers belonging to the Prefects' Office, and will, in the same manner, deliver them to their successors, they being responsible for any loss of said documents.

ART. 24. They shall be the ordinary channel of communication between the Governor and the subaltern authorities of the District: and whatever representations may be made by the latter to the former, must be accompanied with their remarks (informacion.)

Their ordinary place of residence shall be the chief town of the District, unless under particular circumstances the Governor may determine otherwise, with the consent of the Departamental Legislature.

ART. 25. Whenever they may think proper they will consult with some competent Judge (Juez de Letras), who is bound to give his advice.

ART. 26. The Governor, in concert with the Departmental Legislature, and bearing in mind the different circumstances of the Districts, will propose to the President of the Republic the salary which each Prefect ought to enjoy, but this must not exceed $2500 per annum.

ART. 27. Each Prefect shall have a Secretary, which he may appoint and remove at pleasure, who shall have a salary of $700 per annum. Neither the Prefects nor their Secretaries can ask or receive any emolument or fee for any kind of business connected with their offices.

ART. 28. The Prefects on entering on their duties will make oath in presence of the Ayuntamiento of the chief town of their District, or if there be no Ayuntamiento, then before a Justice of the Peace.

ART. 29. The Secretaries will take a similar oath before their respective Prefects.

ART. 30. The Sub-Prefects have the same faculties and are subject to the same obligations of the Prefects, in their respective localities, but in all their official duties they are subject to the direction of the Prefect of their District. They can, however, of their own authority, impose a fine of $50, or sentence to 8 days labor on the public works in the same manner and under the same restrictions as the Prefects. On entering upon the duties of their office, they take a similar oath, and are allowed $365 per annum for stationery, &c., which is the only salary they receive: they, however, are not prohibited from receiving fees.

SECTION VI.

OF THE ALCALDES.

ARTICLE 1.—The Alcaldes, in the places of their usual residences, will take care of good order and public tranquility.

ART. 2.—They will watch over the execution and fulfilment of the police regulations, laws, decrees, and orders, which may be communicated to them by the Sub-Prefects, or in their defect, by the Prefects, and they will duly circulate them to the Justices of the Peace of the Municipality.

ART. 3.—For the fulfilment of the objects mentioned in the preceding Articles, they will ask assistance, in order to secure their persons or property when they are in danger, and in general for the security or apprehension of criminals within their jurisdiction, and for the preservation of public order, they will call upon the citizens, who are strictly obliged to obey them, the same as any other public authority.

ART. 5.—They will cause the culprit *in fragante* to be secured, and within three days, will put him at the disposal of the competent Judge.

ART. 6.—They will see that the residents of the place live by useful occupations, and they will reprimand the idle, vagabonds, persons of bad conduct, and those who have no known occupations.

ART. 7.—Those who, through drunkenness, or any other motive, disturb the public tranquility, or who disobey them, or who are wanting in respect to them, they may, on their own authority, fine to the amount of Twenty-five Dollars, to be applied to the Municipal Fund, or they may sentence to four days of public work, or double the time of arrest, taking into consideration the circumstances of the individuals and giving them a trial, in case they may require it; but in respect to crimes designated by law, the existing regulations must be observed.

ART. 8.—Should any one consider himself aggrieved in the case of the preceding article, he may appeal to the immediate superior, who will definitely determine what he may esteem just.

ART. 9.—They will assist and have a vote at the Session of the Ayuntamientos, and they will preside over them according to the order of their appointment, when neither the Prefect nor Sub-Prefect assist, and when they do preside, their vote shall be decisive.

ART 10.—The temporary absence of the Alcaldes will be supplied by the Regidores, according to the order of their appointment. The same will be practised in case of death, &c., until the person be elected who is to succeed them.

OF THE AYUNTAMIENTOS.

ART 1.—The Capital of the Department, ports with a population of 4.000 inhabitants, interior towns of 8.000 inhabitants, towns which had Ayuntamientos previous to 1808, and those to which this right is given by special law, shall be entitled to Ayuntamientos, or Town Councils.

ART. 2.—In order to form a quorum, for the transaction of any business, more than one-half of the members must be present.

ART. 3.—The number of Alcaldes, Regidons, and Sindicos, will be fixed by the Departamental Legislature, in concert with the Governor; but the first must not exceed six, the second twelve, and the third, two.

ART. 4.—The Alcaldes are to be removed every year, half of the Regidores the same, and where there are Sindicos, one of them, the first appointed to be first removed; when there is only one Sindico, he must be changed every year.

ART. 5.—The Alcaldes, Regidores and Sindicos, may be re-elected indefinitely, and no one can refuse to serve without a just cause, approved by the Governor or Prefect—or in case of re-election, when two years have not expired, or if within the same period they have acted in any other municipal situation, as Sub-Prefect or Justice of the Peace.

ART. 6.—In case of the death or incapacity of any of the members of the Ayuntamiento, others may be elected to supply their places, unless the vacancy should occur within less than three months of the close of the year, in which case the periodical time must be waited for.

ART. 7.—If the newly elected should be an Alcalde, he will take the place that was vacant; if a Regidor or Sindico, he will occupy the lowest place, and the others will ascend, according to the order of their appointment, until the vacancy be filled up.

ART. 8. In case of the suspension of an entire Ayuntamiento, or part of one, the Ayuntamiento of the preceding year will take its place in the whole, or in part, as it may happen.

ART. 9. The following persons can not be members of Ayuntamientos: Officers appointed by Congress, by the General or Departamental Governments; the Magistrates of the Supreme Tribunals; the legal Judge of the lower Court, (de Primera Instancia;) Clergymen; Directors of Hospitals, or other charitable institutions.

ART. 10. The Ayuntamientos under subjection to the Sub-Prefects, and through them to the Prefects and Governor, will have charge of the Police, health, comfort, ornament, order and security of their respective jurisdictions.

ART. 11. They will consequently take care of the cleanliness of the streets, market places, and public squares.

ART. 12. They will see that in each town there be one or more burying grounds, conveniently located.

ART. 13. They will watch over the quality of all kinds of liquors and provisions, in order that nothing unsound or corrupted be sold.

ART. 14. They will take care that in the apothecary shops no rancid or adulterated drugs be sold, to which end they may appoint intelligent persons of the faculty to examine them.

ART. 15. They will see that marshes be drained, and that stagnant and unhealthy waters be made to run off, and that every thing which tends to injure the health of men or cattle be removed.

ART. 16. They will likewise take care of prisons, hospitals, and establishments of public beneficence which are not of private formation.

ART. 17. The moment that any prevailing sickness makes its appearance in the District of the Municipality, the Ayuntamiento will inform the Sub-Prefect, in order that through his means the necessary assistance may be administered; but this will not prevent the Ayuntamiento from taking, in the mean time, the necessary steps to cut off or restrain the evil in its commencement.

ART. 18. With this laudable object, they will name a Committee of Charity, composed of a Regidor or Alcalde, a Sindico, a Physician, should there be one in the place, and two residents or more, should the Ayuntamiento think it necessary, according to the extent of the place and the duties to be performed.

ART. 19. The Ayuntamiento will remit, semi-annually, to the Sub-Prefect, or in default of him, to the Prefect, that he may forward it to the Governor, an account of the births, marriages and deaths in each of these periods, which must embrace all its district, and mention the sex, ages and diseases of which they may have died, keeping in its Records a copy of this document.

ART. 20. In order to obtain these data, they must ask them of the Parish Curates, the Justices of the Peace, the Municipality, or any other persons or corporation capable of furnishing them.

ART. 21. In order to attend to the comfort and ornament of the town, they will see that the market places be well distributed, and that every obstacle tending to hinder them from being sufficiently provided be removed.

ART. 22. They will take care of the preservation of the public fountains, and see that there be abundance of water for men and cattle.

ART. 23. They will likewise endeavor, as far as possible, to have the streets straight, paved, and lighted, and that there be public walks and abundant plantations for the beauty and health of the towns.

ART. 24. It belongs to them to procure the construction and repair ng of bridges, causeways and roads, and to encourage agrigulture, industry, trade, and whatever they may consider useful to the inhabitants.

ART. 25. At the junction of different roads they will place inscriptions, pointing out the respective directions and distances to the nearest towns.

ART. 26. It belongs to the Ayuntamientos, to make contract for all kind of diversions, license having previously been obtained from the first local political authority.

ART. 27. The products from these contracts must be paid into the Municipal Funds.

ART. 28. If the regulations of Police and Good Government should not embrace all the measures which the Ayuntamientos may consider necessary for the preservation of order and the security of persons and property, they may propose to the Governor whatever others they may deem convenient, in order that those which may appear just may be adopted.

ART. 29. They will see that in every town there be a safe and commodious prison, that in said prisons different departments be found for persons arrested and for prisoners, and they will take care that the latter be usefully employed.

ART. 30. They will pay careful attention to the establishment of Common Schools in every town, the Masters and Mistresses of which must be paid out of the Municipal Fund; and they will not only be careful to appoint proper persons, but to see that at all times they continue to be of good conduct and sound morals.

ART. 31. They will distribute, with all possible impartiality, the Municipal Duties imposed upon the citizens, guiding themselves by the existing laws, or by such as may hereafter be made.

ART. 32. They will watch over the arrangement of weights and measures, agreeable to the laws on the subject.

ART. 33. The Ayuntamientos, and every one of their members, whenever they may be called upon by the Prefect, Sub-Prefect and Alcaldes, will render every assistance towards carrying into execution the laws, decrees, and orders, and the preservation of public order.

ART. 34. They will have the administration and expenditure of the Municipal Funds to manage, being guided by the ordinances relating thereto, and having in view the expenses approved by Government. Within the first two months of the year, they will remit to the Sub-Prefect, or in default of him, to the Prefect, that he may send to the Governor an account, with vouchers, of the total amount of Municipal Funds, and of the direction given to them during the preceding year.

ART. 35. The Municipal Funds will be deposited with such person or persons as the Ayuntamiento may appoint under its responsibility.

ART. 36. The mal-administration of the funds, and the expenditure thereof in expenses not designated by the ordinances of the Ayuntamientos, or which have not obtained the approbation of Government, involve the pecuniary and personal responsibility of each of its members, who may prove to be culpable in its management, or who may have given their votes in the resolutions of said corporation; but those who may not have voted for such resolutions will be free from responsibility.

ART. 37. The Ayuntamientos may appoint at their pleasure a Secretary, and assign him with the approbation of the Governor, who will act in concert with the Departamental Legislature, the salary that may be considered just; but he cannot be removed from his situation without the same approbation.

ART. 38. Should the Municipal Funds not be sufficient to pay the salary of the Secretary, the Regidores, by month turns, will perform his duties, and will only be allowed stationery.

ART. 39. The members of the Ayuntamientos, on taking office, will take the same oath as other political authorities; the Alcalde, or the first one, should there be two or more, will take it at the hands of the Prefect or Sub-Prefect, or in defect of both, at the hands of the former Alcalde; and the other members of the Corporation, as likewise the Justices of the Peace of the Municipality, will also be sworn in by the Alcalde.

ART. 40. The Secretaries will take the same oath before their Ayuntamientos.

THE NUMBER OF EMIGRANTS NOW ON THEIR WAY HERE ACROSS THE PLAINS.—The *St. Joseph Gazette* makes the following estimate, in substance:

The number of wagons which have crossed at St. Joseph is	1,000
At Duncan's Ferry,	600
At Bontown	500
Savannah Landing,	550
At ferries from Savannah to the Bluffs,	1,500
Total	4.350

These wagons will average about four yoke of oxen to the wagon, making in all 38,000 oxen. The number of men to the wagon is about an average of four, making in all 17,400.

Grand Total—4,350 wagons, 17,400 men, and 38,000 oxen.

About two hundred more men are gone with pack mules. Every eighty wagons will occupy one mile of the road, and the whole train will make up a grand column of fifty-miles in length. It must be recollected that those who have started from points south of St. Joseph, Independence, Weston, Westport, &c. are not included in this estimate. The whole number upon the plains cannot fall much short of 36,000 men. [St. Louis Reveille.

ENGLISHMEN AND THE SLAVE TRADE.—A correspondent of Jerrold's *News*, makes the following statement:

People of all nations participate in the profits of slavery; a great part of the brokering is conducted by *respectable English houses*, and indeed *English* people, after sojourning long in Brazil, feel as little repugnance to the business as Spaniards or Portuguese. English engineers build steamers for the trade, and then go in them as first drivers. One of those vessels in May last year succeeded in landing, a little to the north of Rio, 1,100 negroes—a cargo worth from £25,000 to £30,000. This would have bought the ship and all she carried out for barter five times over. An acquaintance of mine, an Anglo-American, had a little before this brought safely to port, in a little brig, 650. He, as commander, earned between £600 and £700, and his crew in proportion. The sufferings of the negroes and the crews, during the now necessarily protracted voyages, are well known: and it is also a fact, known to those conversant with the subject that while the horrors of the passage are infinitely enhanced by the influence of French and English cruisers, the trade is still supplied at the rate of 65,000 annually; and so long as there remains a market it will be so supplied, unless, instead of employing a few brigs and schooners, we could in reality wall in all Africa.

THE AGRICULTURE OF FRANCE.—[From President Bonapart's Message.]—Agriculture, that source of all wealth, has been encouraged as much as was possible in so short a time. Since the 20th of February last, 24 farming-schools have been opened. Added to the 25 schools of the kind which existed before, they form the first step in Agricultural instruction. Some more of these schools will be established. The institutions of Sausiaie and Grand-Jouard have assumed the rank of District Schools. They are now establishments of the State, according to the law of the 3d of October. The Administration has caused itself to be put in possession of the farms of the Little Park of Versailles, which is intended for a National Agricultural Institution. 122 Agricultural Societies and more than 300 money institutions have taken part in the distribution of the funds which were voted for the encouragement of agriculture. According to the decree of 25th of April, 1849, a special commission has undertaken the study of the question of Agricultural Colonies.

THE ANNEXATION OF CANADA.—A Toronto correspondent of the Rochester Daily Advertiser writes thus:

"I believe the time to have arrived when annexation could be effected if it depended upon the majority of the Canadians. I have come to this conclusion by mixing with all classes of society, and by close observation. You cannot enter the house of any well-informed man in Canada, and broach the subject of politics, but annexation is spoken of as a cure for all our present misfortunes, and the fact is, that until we have annexation we have no peace, no prosperity or safety in the province.

HORN'S LAST.—On a recent rainy day this wag was heard to exclaim:

"Well, my umbrella is a regular Catholic."

"How so?" inquired a friend.

"Because it always keeps lent."